1 Release Notes for BIND Version 9.15.5

1.1 Introduction

BIND 9.15 is an unstable development release of BIND. This document summarizes new features and functional changes that have been introduced on this branch. With each development release leading up to the stable BIND 9.16 release, this document will be updated with additional features added and bugs fixed.

1.2 Note on Version Numbering

Until BIND 9.12, new feature development releases were tagged as “alpha” and “beta”, leading up to the first stable release for a given development branch, which always ended in ".0”. More recently, BIND adopted the “odd-unstable/even-stable” release numbering convention. There will be no “alpha” or “beta” releases in the 9.15 branch, only increasing version numbers. So, for example, what would previously have been called 9.15.0a1, 9.15.0a2, 9.15.0b1, and so on, will instead be called 9.15.0, 9.15.1, 9.15.2, etc.

The first stable release from this development branch will be renamed as 9.16.0. Thereafter, maintenance releases will continue on the 9.16 branch, while unstable feature development proceeds in 9.17.

1.3 Supported Platforms

To build on UNIX-like systems, BIND requires support for POSIX.1c threads (IEEE Std 1003.1c-1995), the Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 (RFC 3542), and standard atomic operations provided by the C compiler.

The OpenSSL cryptography library must be available for the target platform. A PKCS#11 provider can be used instead for Public Key cryptography (i.e., DNSSEC signing and validation), but OpenSSL is still required for general cryptography operations such as hashing and random number generation.

More information can be found in the PLATFORMS.md file that is included in the source distribution of BIND 9. If your compiler and system libraries provide the above features, BIND 9 should compile and run. If that isn’t the case, the BIND development team will generally accept patches that add support for systems that are still supported by their respective vendors.

1.4 Download

The latest versions of BIND 9 software can always be found at http://www.isc.org/downloads/. There you will find additional information about each release, source code, and pre-compiled versions for Microsoft Windows operating systems.

1.5 Security Fixes

- The TCP client quota set using the tcp-clients option could be exceeded in some cases. This could lead to exhaustion of file descriptors. This flaw is disclosed in CVE-2018-5743. [GL #615]

- In certain configurations, named could crash with an assertion failure if nxdomain-redirect was in use and a redirected query resulted in an NXDOMAIN from the cache. This flaw is disclosed in CVE-2019-6467. [GL #880]

- A race condition could trigger an assertion failure when a large number of incoming packets were being rejected. This flaw is disclosed in CVE-2019-6471. [GL #942]

- named could crash with an assertion failure if a forwarder returned a referral, rather than resolving the query, when QNAME minimization was enabled. This flaw is disclosed in CVE-2019-6476. [GL #1051]

- A flaw in DNSSEC verification when transferring mirror zones could allow data to be incorrectly marked valid. This flaw is disclosed in CVE-2019-6475. [GL #1252]
1.6 New Features

- Added a new command line option to dig: `+[no]unexpected`. By default, dig won’t accept a reply from a source other than the one to which it sent the query. Add the `+unexpected` argument to enable it to process replies from unexpected sources.

- The GeoIP2 API from MaxMind is now supported. Geolocation support will be compiled in by default if the `libmaxminddb` library is found at compile time, but can be turned off by using `configure --disable-geoip`. The default path to the GeoIP2 databases will be set based on the location of the `libmaxminddb` library; for example, if it is in `/usr/local/lib`, then the default path will be `/usr/local/share/GeoIP`. This value can be overridden in `named.conf` using the `geoip-directory` option.

Some `geoip` ACL settings that were available with legacy GeoIP, including searches for `netspeed`, `org`, and three-letter ISO country codes, will no longer work when using GeoIP2. Supported GeoIP2 database types are `country`, `city`, `domain`, `isp`, and `as`. All of these databases support both IPv4 and IPv6 lookups. [GL #182] [GL #1112]

- In order to clarify the configuration of DNSSEC keys, the `trusted-keys` and `managed-keys` statements have been deprecated, and the new `dnssec-keys` statement should now be used for both types of key.

  When used with the keyword `initial-key`, `dnssec-keys` has the same behavior as `managed-keys`, i.e., it configures a trust anchor that is to be maintained via RFC 5011.

  When used with the new keyword `static-key`, it has the same behavior as `trusted-keys`, configuring a permanent trust anchor that will not automatically be updated. (This usage is not recommended for the root key.) [GL #6]

- The new `add-soa` option specifies whether or not the `response-policy` zone’s SOA record should be included in the additional section of RPZ responses. [GL #865]

- Two new metrics have been added to the `statistics-channel` to report DNSSEC signing operations. For each key in each zone, the `dnssec-sign` counter indicates the total number of signatures `named` has generated using that key since server startup, and the `dnssec-refresh` counter indicates how many of those signatures were refreshed during zone maintenance, as opposed to having been generated as a result of a zone update. [GL #513]

- Statistics channel groups are now toggleable. [GL #1030]

- `dig`, `mdig` and `delv` can all now take a `+yaml` option to print output in a detailed YAML format. [RT #1145]

1.7 Removed Features

- The `dnssec-enable` option has been obsoleted and no longer has any effect. DNSSEC responses are always enabled if signatures and other DNSSEC data are present. [GL #866]

- The `cleaning-interval` option has been removed. [GL #1731]

- DNSSEC Lookaside Validation (DLV) is now obsolete. The `dnssec-lookaside` option has been marked as deprecated; when used in `named.conf`, it will generate a warning but will otherwise be ignored. All code enabling the use of lookaside validation has been removed from the validator, `delv`, and the DNSSEC tools. [GL #7]

1.8 Feature Changes

- `named` will now log a warning if a static key is configured for the root zone. [GL #6]
• When static and managed DNSSEC keys were both configured for the same name, or when a static key was used to configure a trust anchor for the root zone and `dnssec-validation` was set to the default value of `auto`, automatic RFC 5011 key rollovers would be disabled. This combination of settings was never intended to work, but there was no check for it in the parser. This has been corrected, and it is now a fatal configuration error. [GL #868]

• DS and CDS records are now generated with SHA-256 digests only, instead of both SHA-1 and SHA-256. This affects the default output of `dnssec-dsfromkey`, the `dsset` files generated by `dnssec-signzone`, the DS records added to a zone by `dnssec-signzone` based on `keyset` files, the CDS records added to a zone by `named` and `dnssec-signzone` based on "sync" timing parameters in key files, and the checks performed by `dnssec-checkds`.

• JSON-C is now the only supported library for enabling JSON support for BIND statistics. The `configure` option has been renamed from `--with-libjson` to `--with-json-c`. Use `PKG_CONFIG_PATH` to specify a custom path to the `json-c` library as the new `configure` option does not take the library installation path as an optional argument.

• A SipHash 2-4 based DNS Cookie (RFC 7873) algorithm has been added and made default. Old non-default HMAC-SHA based DNS Cookie algorithms have been removed, and only the default AES algorithm is being kept for legacy reasons. This change doesn’t have any operational impact in most common scenarios. [GL #605]

If you are running multiple DNS Servers (different versions of BIND 9 or DNS server from multiple vendors) responding from the same IP address (anycast or load-balancing scenarios), you’ll have to make sure that all the servers are configured with the same DNS Cookie algorithm and same Server Secret for the best performance.

• The information from the `dnssec-signzone` and `dnssec-verify` commands is now printed to standard output. The standard error output is only used to print warnings and errors, and in case the user requests the signed zone to be printed to standard output with `-f -` option. A new configuration option `-q` has been added to silence all output on standard output except for the name of the signed zone.

• DS records included in DNS referral messages can now be validated and cached immediately, reducing the number of queries needed for a DNSSEC validation. [GL #964]

1.9 Bug Fixes

• The `allow-update` and `allow-update-forwarding` options were inadvertently treated as configuration errors when used at the `options` or `view` level. This has now been corrected. [GL #913]

• When `qname-minimization` was set to `relaxed`, some improperly configured domains would fail to resolve, but would have succeeded when minimization was disabled. `named` will now fall back to normal resolution in such cases, and also uses type A rather than NS for minimal queries in order to reduce the likelihood of encountering the problem. [GL #1055]

• `./configure` no longer sets `--sysconfdir` to `/etc` or `--localstatedir` to `/var` when `--prefix` is not specified and the aforementioned options are not specified explicitly. Instead, Autoconf’s defaults of `$prefix/etc` and `$prefix/var` are respected.

• Glue address records were not being returned in responses to root priming queries; this has been corrected. [GL #1092]

• Interaction between DNS64 and RPZ No Data rule (CNAME *) could cause unexpected results; this has been fixed. [GL #1106]

• `named-checkconf` now checks DNS64 prefixes to ensure bits 64-71 are zero. [GL #1159]

• `named-checkconf` now correctly reports a missing `dnstap-output` option when `dnstap` is set. [GL #1136]

• Handle ETIMEDOUT error on connect() with a non-blocking socket. [GL #1133]
• Cache database statistics counters could report invalid values when stale answers were enabled, because of a bug in counter maintenance when cache data becomes stale. The statistics counters have been corrected to report the number of RRsets for each RR type that are active, stale but still potentially served, or stale and marked for deletion. [GL #602]

• dig now correctly expands the IPv6 address when run with +expandaaaa +short. [GL #1152]

• When a response-policy zone expires, ensure that its policies are removed from the RPZ summary database. [GL #1146]

1.10 License

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1.11 End of Life

BIND 9.15 is an unstable development branch. When its development is complete, it will be renamed to BIND 9.16, which will be a stable branch.

The end of life date for BIND 9.16 has not yet been determined. For those needing long term support, the current Extended Support Version (ESV) is BIND 9.11, which will be supported until at least December 2021. See https://www.isc.org/downloads/software-support-policy/ for details of ISC’s software support policy.

1.12 Thank You

Thank you to everyone who assisted us in making this release possible. If you would like to contribute to ISC to assist us in continuing to make quality open source software, please visit our donations page at http://www.isc.org/donate/.